

TSKS21 Signaler, information & bilder

Föreläsning 8

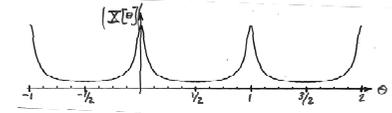
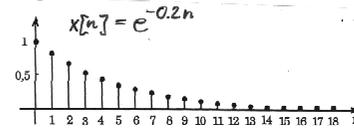
Rester fönstring

Sampling och rekonstruktion

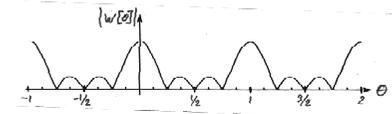
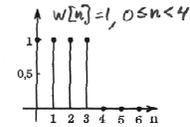
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 Ämnesområdet Kommunikationssystem

Att använda fönster

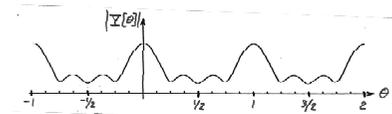
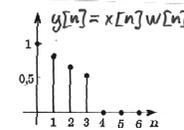
Signal:



Rektangulärfönster:



Resultat:

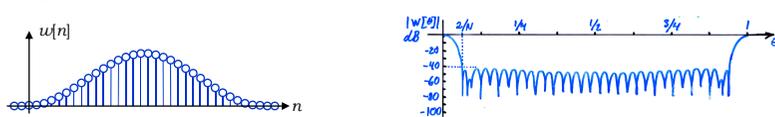


Exempel på fönster, $N=32$

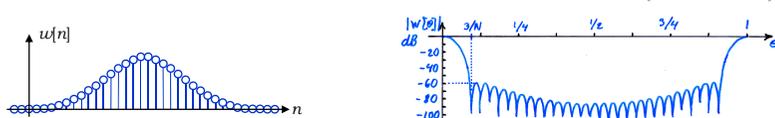
Rektangulärfönster: $w[n] = 1, n \in \{0, 1, \dots, N-1\}$



Hammingfönster: $w[n] = 0.54 - 0.46 \cos(\frac{2\pi n}{N-1}), n \in \{0, 1, \dots, N-1\}$



Blackmanfönster: $w[n] = 0.42 - 0.5 \cos(\frac{2\pi n}{N-1}) + 0.08 \cos(\frac{4\pi n}{N-1}), n \in \{0, 1, \dots, N-1\}$

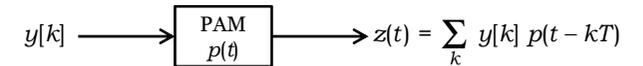


Linjära avbildningar

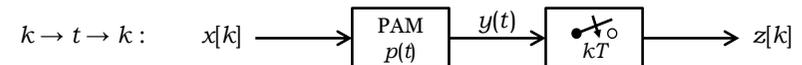
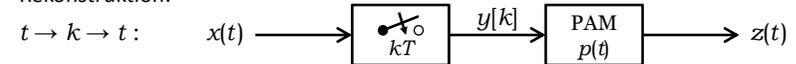
Sampling:



Pulsamplitudmodulering: (PAM)

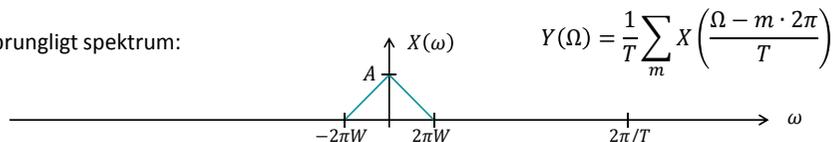


Rekonstruktion:



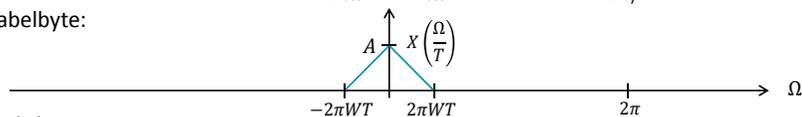
Sampling – Frekvensdomänen

Ursprungligt spektrum:

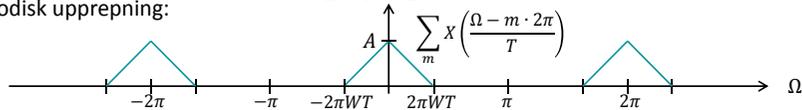


$$Y(\Omega) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_m X\left(\frac{\Omega - m \cdot 2\pi}{T}\right)$$

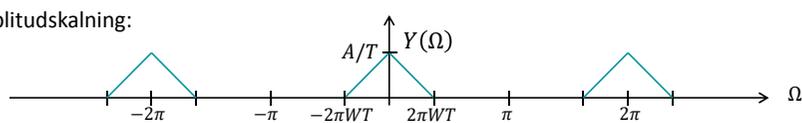
Variabelbyte:



Periodisk upprepning:

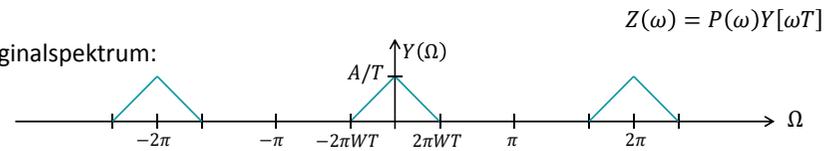


Amplitudskalning:



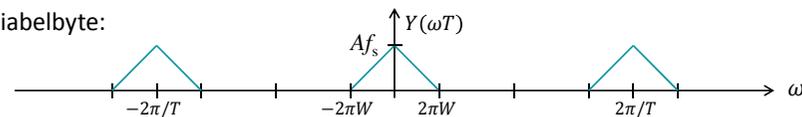
PAM – Frekvensdomänen

Originalspektrum:

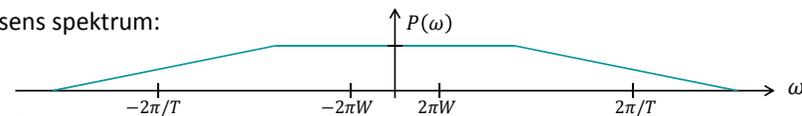


$$Z(\omega) = P(\omega)Y[\omega T]$$

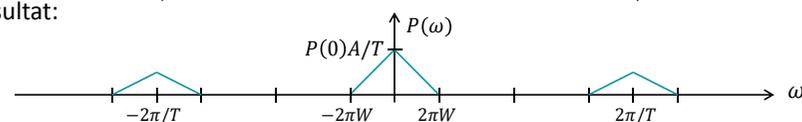
Variabelbyte:



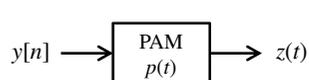
Pulsens spektrum:



Resultat:



PAM



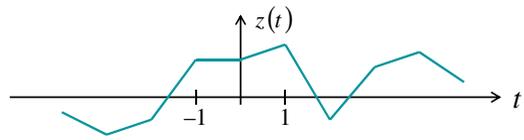
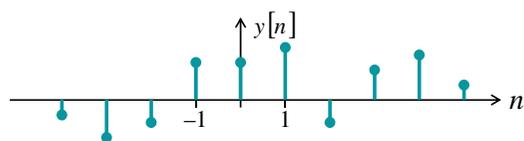
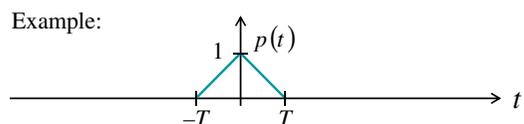
Time domain:

$$z(t) = \sum_n y[n] p(t - nT)$$

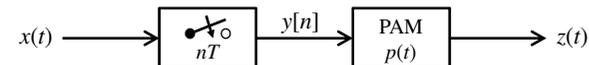
Frequency domain:

$$Z(\omega) = P(\omega)Y(\omega T)$$

Example:



Samplingsteoremet



Samplingsteoremet:

Betrakta en signal $x(t)$, med spektrum $X(\omega)$ och $X(\omega) = 0$ för $|\omega| \geq \omega_0$. Om $x(t)$ samplas med samplingsfrekvens f_s , så kan $x(t)$ rekonstrueras utan fel från den samplade signalen om $\pi f_s \geq \omega_0$ gäller.

Detta betyder:

Det finns en pulsförm $p(t)$, så att $x(t)$ kan skrivas som

$$x(t) = \sum_n x(nT) p(t - nT)$$

om $\pi f_s \geq \omega_0$ gäller, med $f_s = 1/T$.

Detta gäller för:

Ideal rekonstruktion: $p(t) = \text{sinc}(t/T)$

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