

## Bayesian Learning

Bayesianska metoder

6 credits

Single subject course

732A73

Valid from: 2025 Spring semester

<b>Determined by</b>	<b>Main field of study</b>	
Course and Programme Syllabus Board at the Faculty of Arts and Sciences	Statistics	
<b>Date determined</b>	<b>Course level</b>	<b>Progressive specialisation</b>
2017-10-27	Second cycle	A1F
<b>Revised by</b>	<b>Disciplinary domain</b>	
Chairman of the Course and Programme Syllabus Board at the Faculty of Arts and Sciences	Technology	
<b>Revision date</b>	<b>Subject group</b>	
2022-06-15; 2024-05-23	Statistics	
<b>Offered first time</b>	<b>Offered for the last time</b>	
Spring semester 2017		
<b>Department</b>	<b>Replaced by</b>	
Institutionen för datavetenskap		

## Entry requirements

- 180 ECTS credits passed including 90 ECTS credits in one of the following subjects:
  - statistics
  - mathematics
  - applied mathematics
  - computer science
  - engineering
- Passed courses in:
  - calculus
  - linear algebra
  - statistics
  - programming
- English corresponding to the level of English in Swedish upper secondary education (Engelska 6)  
Exemption from Swedish
- At least 6 ECTS credits passed from semester 1 Master's Programme in Statistics and Machine Learning, or the equivalent

## Intended learning outcomes

After completion of the course the student should at an advanced level be able to:

- account for the main differences between Bayesian and frequentist inference
- analyze basic statistical models using a Bayesian approach and correctly interpret the results
- critically analyze and use Bayesian models for prediction and decision making
- implement more advanced statistical models, including those occurring in current research problems, using modern simulation methods
- perform Bayesian model inference on practical problems using programming language applicable for statistical analysis

## Course content

The course covers the following topics:

- Subjective probability
- Bayes theorem
- Likelihood
- Prior and posterior distribution
- Regularization priors
- Classification
- Marginalization
- Posterior approximation
- Bayesian analysis of the following models: Bernoulli, Normal, Poisson, Multinomial, Multivariate normal; Linear and nonlinear regression, Binary regression
- Prediction
- Decision theory
- Markov Chain Monte Carlo, including Gibbs sampling
- Mixture models
- Bayesian variable selection
- Model selection

## Teaching and working methods

The teaching consists of lectures, lessons and computer labs. In addition to this, independent study is a necessary complement to the course.

Language of instruction: English.

## Examination

The course is examined through:

- written report on computer assignments in groups, grading scale: EC P/F
- individually written computer examination, grading scale: EC

The final grade for the course is based on grade from the written examination and requires an approved report on computer assignments.

Detailed information about the examination can be found in the course's study guide.

If special circumstances prevail, and if it is possible with consideration of the nature of the compulsory component, the examiner may decide to replace the compulsory component with another equivalent component.

If the LiU coordinator for students with disabilities has granted a student the right to an adapted examination for a written examination in an examination hall, the student has the right to it.

If the coordinator has recommended for the student an adapted examination or alternative form of examination, the examiner may grant this if the examiner assesses that it is possible, based on consideration of the course objectives.

An examiner may also decide that an adapted examination or alternative form of examination if the examiner assessed that special circumstances prevail, and the examiner assesses that it is possible while maintaining the objectives of the course.

Students failing an exam covering either the entire course or part of the course twice are entitled to have a new examiner appointed for the reexamination.

Students who have passed an examination may not retake it in order to improve their grades.

## Grades

ECTS, EC

## Other information

Planning and implementation of a course must take its starting point in the wording of the syllabus. The course evaluation included in each course must therefore take up the question how well the course agrees with the syllabus.

The course is conducted in such a way that there are equal opportunities with regard to sex, transgender identity or expression, ethnicity, religion or other belief, disability, sexual orientation and age.

If special circumstances prevail, the vice-chancellor may in a special decision specify the preconditions for temporary deviations from this course syllabus, and delegate the right to take such decisions.