

# **International Organisations: Theory and Practice**

International Organisations: Theory and Practice 7.5 credits

Programme course

733A50

Valid from: 2011 Autumn semester

Determined by	Main field of study	
The Quality Board at the Faculty of Arts and Sciences	Political Science	
Date determined	Course level	Progressive specialisation
2011-10-28	Second cycle	A1F
Revised by	Disciplinary domain	
	Social sciences	
Revision date	Subject group	
	Political Science	
Offered first time	Offered for the last time	
Autumn semester 2011		
Department	Replaced by	
Institutionen för ekonomisk och industriell utveckling		

#### Course offered for

- Master's Programme in International and European Relations
- Master's Programme in Political Science with specialisation in Public Administration

### **Entry requirements**

- Bachelor's degree equivalent to a Swedish Kandidatexamen in one of the following subjects:
  - political science
  - international relations
  - economics
  - history
  - geography
  - philosophy
  - law
  - sociology
  - or equivalent
- English corresponding to the level of English in Swedish upper secondary education (English 6/B) (Exemption from Swedish)
- 30 ECTS credits passed from the programme year 1

### Intended learning outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to

- display deeper understanding of the role and significance of international organizations and international institutions;
- relate the phenomenon of international organization to current theories of international relations, as well as to understand general aspects of organizational behavior and organizational change;
- identify the types and expressions of international organization in the contemporary world;
- display in-depth knowledge of a particular case of international organization and/or the organization of a particular issue area in international relations.

#### Course content

The course covers the following areas:

- theories of international organisation and international institutions;
- international regimes;
- international norms and norm formation;
- the significance of international organisation in global politics.



## Teaching and working methods

The course offers lectures which introduce and develop the content of the course. Lectures are complementary to the literature. Seminars and workshops are important aspects of the learning process and provide opportunities for mutual, critical discussions which develop attitudes and skills. Students are expected to be well prepared for lectures and to have completed assigned preparations for seminars. Students are expected to read and take in the literature independently and/or in self-organized reading groups. Language of instruction is English.

Activities which constitute elements of examination are mandatory.

#### Examination

The course is examined through a combination of mandatory seminars, seminar papers, and an individual project (case study).

Detailed information about the examination can be found in the course's study guide.

If special circumstances prevail, and if it is possible with consideration of the nature of the compulsory component, the examiner may decide to replace the compulsory component with another equivalent component.

If the LiU coordinator for students with disabilities has granted a student the right to an adapted examination for a written examination in an examination hall, the student has the right to it.

If the coordinator has recommended for the student an adapted examination or alternative form of examination, the examiner may grant this if the examiner assesses that it is possible, based on consideration of the course objectives.

An examiner may also decide that an adapted examination or alternative form of examination if the examiner assessed that special circumstances prevail, and the examiner assesses that it is possible while maintaining the objectives of the course.

Students failing an exam covering either the entire course or part of the course twice are entitled to have a new examiner appointed for the reexamination.

Students who have passed an examination may not retake it in order to improve their grades.

#### Grades

ECTS, EC



### Other information

Planning and implementation of a course must take its starting point in the wording of the syllabus. The course evaluation included in each course must therefore take up the question how well the course agrees with the syllabus.

The course is carried out in such a way that both men's and women's experience and knowledge is made visible and developed.

If special circumstances prevail, the vice-chancellor may in a special decision specify the preconditions for temporary deviations from this course syllabus, and delegate the right to take such decisions.

