

# Research Methods and Epistemology in Child Studies

Forskningsmetoder och epistemologi i barn- och barndomsstudier 7.5 credits

Single subject and programme course

736A36

Valid from: 2022 Spring semester

**Determined by** Main field of study

The Quality Board at the Faculty of

**Arts and Sciences** 

**Child Studies** 

**Date determined Course level Progressive** 

specialisation

Second cycle A<sub>1</sub>N 2016-01-29

Revised by **Disciplinary domain** 

Course and Programme Syllabus Board Social sciences

at the Faculty of Arts and Sciences

**Revision date Subject group** 

Child and Youth Education and Care 2021-10-15

Offered first time Offered for the last time

Spring semester 2015

**Department** Replaced by

Institutionen för Tema



### Course offered for

• Master's Programme in Child Studies

## **Entry requirements**

- Bachelor's degree equivalent to a Swedish Kandidatexamen within the humanities, social sciences or the behavioral sciences with a major relevant to the programme.
  - Examples of fields:
  - anthropology
  - education
  - history
  - communication studies
  - media studies
  - language studies
  - psychology
  - social work
  - sociology
  - political sicence
  - or equivalent
- English corresponding to the level of English in Swedish upper secondary education (English 6/B) (Exemption from Swedish)
- Passed at least 75 ECTS credits from the master's program in Child studies (F7MCH), 15 of which must be the master's thesis in term two

# Intended learning outcomes

After completion of the course, the student should on an advanced level be able to:

- identify, describe and critically discuss various epistemological, theoretical and methodological perspectives in Child Studies; and account for their potentials and limitations.
- independently and in a well-informed way identify and formulate a research problem that is relevant to Child Studies
- produce a research plan that describes how the study may be completed within a given time frame, using adequate methods and epistemological perspectives and;
- account for and critically evaluate research plans or ally and in writing.



#### Course content

The course deals with different epistemological foundations in Child Studies. It demonstrates the significance of epistemology for the choice of methods both for collection of data and their analysis. The course furthermore studies the relationship between research questions, research methods and theoretical and epistemological positions. One part of the course involves the independent and well-informed identification and formulation of a research problem relevant to Child Studies, as well as the writing of a research plan that describes how the problem may be studied within a given time frame using adequate methods and epistemological perspectives.

## Examination

If special circumstances prevail, and if it is possible with consideration of the nature of the compulsory component, the examiner may decide to replace the compulsory component with another equivalent component.

If the LiU coordinator for students with disabilities has granted a student the right to an adapted examination for a written examination in an examination hall, the student has the right to it.

If the coordinator has recommended for the student an adapted examination or alternative form of examination, the examiner may grant this if the examiner assesses that it is possible, based on consideration of the course objectives.

An examiner may also decide that an adapted examination or alternative form of examination if the examiner assessed that special circumstances prevail, and the examiner assesses that it is possible while maintaining the objectives of the course.

Students failing an exam covering either the entire course or part of the course twice are entitled to have a new examiner appointed for the reexamination.

Students who have passed an examination may not retake it in order to improve their grades.

#### Grades

ECTS, EC



## Other information

Planning and implementation of a course must take its starting point in the wording of the syllabus. The course evaluation included in each course must therefore take up the question how well the course agrees with the syllabus.

The course is carried out in such a way that both men's and women's experience and knowledge is made visible and developed.

If special circumstances prevail, the vice-chancellor may in a special decision specify the preconditions for temporary deviations from this course syllabus, and delegate the right to take such decisions.

