

Evolutionary Cognition

Evolutionär kognition 6 credits

Single subject and programme course

769A35

Valid from: 2023 Autumn semester

Determined by	Main field of study	
Course and Programme Syllabus Board at the Faculty of Arts and Sciences	Cognitive Science	
Date determined	Course level	Progressive specialisation
2022-09-13	Second cycle	A1N
Revised by	Disciplinary domain	
	Humanities	
Revision date	Subject group Other Subjects within Behavioural Science	
Offered first time	Offered for the last time	
Autumn semester 2023		
Department	Replaced by	
Institutionen för kultur och samhälle		

Course offered for

• Master Programme in Cognitive Science

Entry requirements

• Bachelor's Degree in Cognitive Science equivalent to a Swedish Kandidatexamen

or

- Bachelor's Degree in Computer Science equivalent to a Swedish Kandidatexamen
- 6 ECTS credits passed in Programming
- 30 ECTS credits passed in Psychology with at least 6 ECTS credits in Cognitive Psychology or Cognitive Neuroscience and at least 6 ECTS credits in Research methods

or

- Bachelor's Degree in Psychology or in Cognitive Psychology equivalent to a Swedish Kandidatexamen
- 6 ECTS credits passed in Research methods
- 30 ECTS credits passed in Computer Science with at least 6 ECTS credits in Programming

and

• English and Swedish corresponding to the level of English and Swedish in Swedish upper secondary education (Engelska 6 and Svenska 3)

Intended learning outcomes

On completion of the course, the student should be able to:

- give an account of the most important concepts and the perspectives that are used in the study of cognition from an evolutionary perspective
- portray central research results in the area,
- explain how these theories are linked to basic conceptions of the human cognition as at least partly a product of evolutionary factors
- account for how such a perspective may have relevance for other disciplines within the cognitive science field, such as philosophy, linguistics, psychology and neuroscience.
- critically discuss how alleged natural phenomena concerning race and gender may have been based on evolutionary explanations.



Course content

The course covers cognition from an evolutionary perspective where we assume that the natural cognitive systems (for example human cognition) we see around us today are the result of an evolutionary development. A follow-up question will be what consequences this has for our understanding of cognition.

The course includes a review of the theory of evolution and what relevance an evolutionary perspective may have for the understanding of human cognition. The content includes the cognition of other species as well as questions about the animals' cognitive abilities (and inability). Furthermore, a comparative perspective is taken on human cognition, which means that, for example, anthropological and archaeological results will be covered. The question of whether the evolutionary perspective has any direct relevance to different philosophical theories of consciousness will also be addressed.

Teaching and working methods

The teaching takes the form of lectures and compulsory seminars. Part of the teaching may take place as distance education. The student is also expected to study independently.



Examination

The course is examined by:

- active participation in seminars, grading scale: UG
- written individual assignments, grading scale: UG
- written individual exam, grading scale: UV

For Pass final grade, Pass is required in all parts. For Pass with Credit, Pass with Credit is also required for the written individual examination.

Detailed information can be found in the study guide.

If special circumstances prevail, and if it is possible with consideration of the nature of the compulsory component, the examiner may decide to replace the compulsory component with another equivalent component.

If the LiU coordinator for students with disabilities has granted a student the right to an adapted examination for a written examination in an examination hall, the student has the right to it.

If the coordinator has recommended for the student an adapted examination or alternative form of examination, the examiner may grant this if the examiner assesses that it is possible, based on consideration of the course objectives.

An examiner may also decide that an adapted examination or alternative form of examination if the examiner assessed that special circumstances prevail, and the examiner assesses that it is possible while maintaining the objectives of the course.

Students failing an exam covering either the entire course or part of the course twice are entitled to have a new examiner appointed for the reexamination.

Students who have passed an examination may not retake it in order to improve their grades.

Grades

Three-grade scale, U, G, VG



Other information

Planning and implementation of a course must take its starting point in the wording of the syllabus. The course evaluation included in each course must therefore take up the question how well the course agrees with the syllabus.

The course is conducted in such a way that there are equal opportunities with regard to sex, transgender identity or expression, ethnicity, religion or other belief, disability, sexual orientation and age.

If special circumstances prevail, the vice-chancellor may in a special decision specify the preconditions for temporary deviations from this course syllabus, and delegate the right to take such decisions.

